

RESOLUTION # 11

DAIRY INDUSTRY

1 **WHEREAS**, New Jersey’s dairy industry is an important part of the state’s
2 agriculture, not only contributing wholesome, locally produced milk and milk products, but
3 also creating demand for field crops used as feed, as well as other industry support sales;
4 and

5 **WHEREAS**, recent years have seen wide market swings, with severe and protracted
6 depressed market prices for milk, combined with periodic spikes in input costs, in conjunction
7 with short-lived spikes in milk prices, resulting in economic hardship for New Jersey dairy
8 farmers; and

9 **WHEREAS**, no less an authority than the United States Secretary of Agriculture has
10 raised concerns that smaller, family-owned dairy farms producing conventional “raw” milk for
11 sale to bulk processors will not be able to maintain viability in a market that is seeing the
12 aggregation of milk taken to processors, and the processing sector itself, concentrated in
13 fewer and fewer hands; and

14 **WHEREAS**, the dairy industry in the United States is one of the most heavily
15 regulated sectors of agriculture, and dairy products, by their very nature, require a
16 marketplace with considerable government oversight to guarantee orderly marketing,
17 balancing seasonal supply and demand, and to ensure the quality and consistency of the
18 product on behalf of the consumer; and

19 **WHEREAS**, within the current marketing structure, New Jersey dairy producers have
20 suffered from the lack of a competitive milk market, leaving producers without premiums
21 above Federal Market Minimums, leaving some producers without a viable market, and not
22 allowing new farms to establish in the state and enter into the existing market; and

23 **WHEREAS**, the Department has been working with dairy producers to explore
24 alternative modes to marketing milk outside the traditional route of selling “raw” milk into a
25 bulk-processing system; and

26 **WHEREAS**, those alternative approaches include dairy producers processing and
27 bottling their milk at their own farm location, or, alternatively, seeing several producers band
28 together to process, bottle and market their own milk under a *Jersey Fresh* label; and

29 **WHEREAS**, this approach also can include a farmer contracting independently to
30 have the farm's milk processed and turned into value-added products, such as ice cream, for
31 sale directly to the public through a farm location; and

32 **WHEREAS**, some farmers in New Jersey have seen success pursuing this route,
33 with one processing and bottling the farm's own milk in re-useable glass bottles and another
34 contracting with a processor to make ice cream from the farm's milk, which is then sold at the
35 farm location directly to the public; and

36 **WHEREAS**, the Department's Division of Marketing and Development encourages
37 the development and expansion of alternative milk production, including the expansion of
38 goat, sheep and water buffalo milk and milk products to supply the diverse markets valuable
39 to New Jersey agriculture; and

40 **WHEREAS**, the creation of opportunities to process New Jersey-produced milk
41 within the state can provide the state's dairy farmers with a chance to control their own
42 destiny and earn significant premiums over the Federal Milk Marketing Order prices; and

43 **WHEREAS**, recent survey work commissioned by the Department found
44 overwhelming consumer interest in a source-verified fluid milk and other *Jersey Fresh* dairy
45 products, and the results of that survey were echoed in an informal survey of the state's
46 major grocery retailers, who indicated a desire to stock such products; and

47 **WHEREAS**, as with all agricultural products, the return to the farmer for milk and
48 milk products should be greater the further into the marketing chain the farmer controls the
49 packaging and sale of the milk that his farm produces; and

50 **WHEREAS**, all value-added ventures in agriculture involve a considerable amount
51 of risk, and this level of risk is additionally intense for value-added dairy ventures, which tend

52 to be capital-intensive and require large investments of equity on the part of the principals to
53 establish; and

54 **WHEREAS**, New Jersey is demographically favorably positioned to have on-farm
55 processing of milk other than cow's milk be profitable ventures for dairy farmers looking to
56 diversify, as evidenced by existing successful on-farm operations in distributing sheep milk
57 and yogurt and using the milk of water buffalo to create mozzarella, ricotta and drinkable
58 yogurt; and

59 **WHEREAS**, the state Economic Development Authority has been directed, via
60 statute, to establish a funding pool to aid the state's dairy farmers in acquiring the equipment
61 necessary to modernize their milking operations and to create on-farm-processed milk and/or
62 value-added products; and

63 **WHEREAS**, dairy products, by nature, are perishable and require solid and
64 consistent quality-control procedures, which require considerable investments of time,
65 money, research and effort on the part of the business owners.

66 **NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED**, that we, the delegates to the 105th State
67 Agricultural Convention, assembled in Atlantic City, New Jersey, on February 5-6, 2020, do
68 hereby strongly urge the New Jersey Department of Agriculture to do the following:

- 69 • Continue to support value-added projects, both on-farm and those that involve
70 processing at off-farm sites, that can offer New Jersey dairy farmers significant premiums
71 for their milk, helping to reverse the cycles of low prices affecting dairy farm viability in
72 this state.
- 73 • Continue to work with all appropriate state and local governments and agencies, as well
74 as the dairy industry, to seek funding for on-farm or small, stand-alone milk/milk products
75 processing plants and/or equipment toward that end, with a focus on reaching the high-
76 end market in New Jersey and surrounding states.
- 77 • Help dairy framers access all appropriate state and federal government agencies with
78 the goal of maximizing all small-business funding program opportunities in order to

- 79 create value-added dairy processing units that will support and grow the dairy industry in
80 New Jersey.
- 81 • Help dairy farmers expand beyond solely cow’s milk to include alternative dairy products
82 like the on-farm processing and distribution of milk from sheep, goats and water buffalo,
83 among other species.
 - 84 • Work with state and local governments and agencies, as well as the dairy industry, to
85 ensure maximum funding for programs and efforts aimed at Risk Management and milk-
86 quality improvement in order to move producers to a higher quality level for a value-
87 added market.
 - 88 • Work through the Department’s Division of Marketing and Development to provide
89 enhanced support for establishing a viable “*Jersey Fresh*” dairy products brand.
 - 90 • Enthusiastically support development of a processing facility that would be owned by a
91 group of milk producers and facilitate “balancing” milk use and production; develop a
92 simple fluid milk business with the ability to limit inherent risks of balancing, seasonal
93 production volatility, and seasonal changes in consumption, thus aiding in developing a
94 plan to utilize excess milk production at certain times of the year for other products, or
95 when faced with shortfalls in fluid milk sales, and develop methods of increasing fluid
96 milk volumes during times of improved consumption and decreased production.
 - 97 • Further establish New Jersey agriculture’s role in the arena of alternative “green” energy
98 by investigating the feasibility of establishing more anaerobic digestion units, such as the
99 NJDA-led project at the Landis Sewerage Authority in Vineland, which will utilize high-
100 moisture dairy farm, dairy industry, agricultural and food waste streams for the
101 production of bio-gas for a locally produced energy source, and digestates, which could
102 be used as managed soil nutrients for agricultural production, to create an additional
103 revenue stream and good dairy management practices and to dovetail into statewide,
104 multi-industry efforts to grow the “green economy.”

105 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that we urge the Department to work with all
106 appropriate agencies and all appropriate segments of the state’s dairy sector to identify and
107 pursue milk-processing opportunities on both the commercial level as well as the value-
108 added level.

109 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that the Department, as the result of the Special
110 Statewide Dairy Summit, continue working to identify all possible resources and partnerships
111 that could help dairy producers embark upon on-farm processing and bottling of source-
112 verified *Jersey Fresh* milk products, either individually or in tandem with other New Jersey
113 dairy producers.

114 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that we support the efforts to ensure that a free,
115 competitive and open market exists for all milk producers within the Federal Milk Marketing
116 Order, and that if such a market cannot be sustained, the Department investigate the pros
117 and cons of removing New Jersey from the Federal Milk Marketing Order.

118 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that we urge the Department to closely monitor
119 developments in the drafting of the next federal Farm Bill as regards the dairy industry, and
120 that it advise and educate the New Jersey Congressional Delegation as to New Jersey dairy
121 farmers’ support or opposition of dairy-related issues in the Farm Bill, in order to ensure that
122 the Farm Bill best reflects the needs of New Jersey’s dairy industry.

123 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** , that we strongly urge the New Jersey Department of
124 Agriculture to join a movement that has started in other states to petition the USDA, New
125 Jersey school districts, and any other appropriate entity to bring back whole milk in school
126 cafeterias, school stores and other food service operations on school grounds.